

WELCOME

Checking Compliance with Custom Guidelines for PL/SQL Code

Philipp Salvisberg

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BASEL BERN LAUSANNE ZÜRICH DÜSSELDORF FRANKFURT A.M. FREIBURG I.BR. HAMBURG MÜNCHEN STUTTGART WIEN

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Checking Compliance with Custom Guidelines for PL/SQL Code
22.09.2011

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makes IT easier. ■ ■ ■

About Me

- A Trivadian since April 2000
 - Principle Consultant, Partner
 - Member of the Board of Directors
 - Bachelor of Science in Business Administration
 - philipp.salvisberg@trivadis.com
 - www.trivadis.com
- Member of the **trivadis**
performance^{team}
 - Main focus on database centric development with Oracle DB
 - Application Performance Management
 - Application Development
 - Business Intelligence
- Over 20 years experience in using Oracle products



Trivadis facts & figures



11 Trivadis locations with more than 550 employees

Financially independent and sustainably profitable

Key figures 2010

- Revenue CHF 101 / EUR 73 Mio.
- Services for more than 700 clients in over 1,800 projects
- Over 170 Service Level Agreements
- More than 5,000 training participants
- Research and development budget: CHF 5.0 / EUR 3.6 Mio.

AGENDA

1. Introduction
2. Xtext Live – Parsing & Validating
3. Finalizing Grammar, Checks and Tooling
4. Continuous Integration
5. Challenges
6. Conclusion

PL/SQL & SQL Coding Guidelines



Coding Guidelines are a crucial part of software development. It is a matter of fact, that code is more often read than written – therefore we should take efforts to ease the work of the reader, which is not necessarily the author.
I am convinced that this standard may be a good starting point for your own guidelines.

Roger Troller
Senior Consultant Trivadis



"Roger and his team have done an excellent job of providing a comprehensive set of clear standards that will undoubtedly improve the quality of your code. If you do not yet have standards in place, you should give strong consideration to using these as a starting point."

Steven Feuerstein

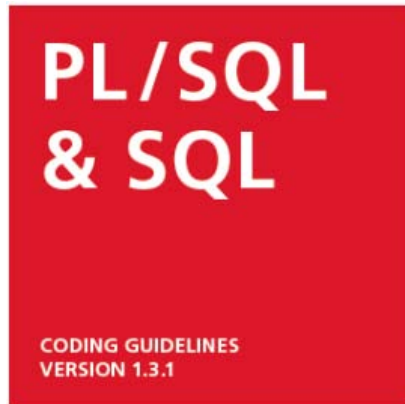
Steven Feuerstein
PL/SQL Evangelist

- Openly available since August 2009
- Download for free from www.trivadis.com



See <http://www.trivadis.com/technologie/oracle/oracle-application-development/oracle-sql-und-plsql.html>

Trivadis PL/SQL & SQL Guideline #25



25. Always specify the target columns when executing an insert command.

Reason: Data structures often change. Having the target columns in your insert statements will lead to change-resistant code.

Example:

```
-- Bad

INSERT INTO messages
VALUES (l_mess_no
       ,l_mess_typ
       ,l_mess_text );
```

```
-- Good

INSERT INTO messages (mess_no
                     ,mess_typ
                     ,mess_text )

VALUES (l_mess_no
       ,l_mess_typ
       ,l_mess_text );
```

PL/SQL Assessment

- Code Analysis based on Trivadis SQL & PL/SQL Guidelines
- Cookbook using e.g.
 - Quest CodeXpert
 - SQL Scripts using PLScope
 - SQL Scripts
 - Manual checks
 - Interviews
- Final Report
 - Results
 - Recommendations
- Fixed Price Offering

EXPERIENCE IT
 GARANTIEDES OFFENER QUALITÄT - EIN GUTES GEFÜHL!
 Trivadis ist ein erfolgreiches Schweizer Unternehmen für IT-Beratung und Dienstleistungen mit über 35 Jahren Erfahrung und mehr als 550 Mitarbeitern in der Schweiz, Deutschland und Österreich.

USE IT
 UNSERE GUIDELINES - JETZT DOWNLOADEN.
 Unsere «PL/SQL und SQL Coding Guidelines» ermöglichen Ihnen eine optimale und standardisierte Codierung von PL/SQL Anwendungen.

LEARN IT
 VON DEN BESTEN LERNEN.
 Profitieren Sie von unseren Best-Practice-Kursen! Einführung in PL/SQL, PL/SQL für Fortgeschrittene.

KNOW IT
 DAS GEMALTE WISSEN UNSERER PL/SQL CRACKS.
 1. Roger Toller, Senior Consultant im Oracle Umfeld, seit über 20 Jahren im IT-Business.
 2. Perry Pakul, Technology Manager für Oracle Based Development, seit über 20 Jahren im IT-Business.
 3. Daniel Lühnen, Solution Manager Application Development, fokussiert auf den Bereich «Service Oriented Architecture (SOA)», seit über 25 Jahren im IT-Business.

CHECK IT - PL/SQL
 DAS ASSESSMENT FÜR IHRE PL/SQL ANWENDUNGEN!
 Lassen Sie Ihre PL/SQL Anwendung auf Qualität, Wertbarkeit und Optimierungspotenzial checken - zum Fixpreis von CHF 5000,- / EUR 3000,-.

DO IT
 LOS GEMITS! NEHMEN SIE JETZT KONTAKT AUF!
www.trivadis.com/plsql

See <http://www.trivadis.com/technologie/swiss-it-up/plsql-assessment.html>



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Shortcoming of PL/SQL Assessment

- Some guidelines check scripts need manual post-processing
- Some guidelines checks are not automated at all
- One snapshot – Assessment of a defined release
- Repetitive execution is time-consuming, expensive, not feasible
- Not part of an automated, continuous integration strategy

Goal

- Fully automated code checking
- Considering the Trivadis PL/SQL & SQL Guidelines
- Extendable and adaptable to suit customer needs
- Part of an automated build process

Approach & Considerations

- Requirements
 - Parser to process SQL*Plus files
 - Code checking framework
- Options
 - SQL & PL/SQL grammar as part of Oracle JDeveloper Extensions
 - <http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/developer-tools/jdev/index-099997.html>, see class oracle.javatools.parser.plsql.PlsqlParser
 - Required libraries (javatools-nodeps.jar) are part of SQL Developer
 - ANTLR
 - Several SQL & PL/SQL grammars on <http://www.antlr.org/grammar/list>
 - Eclipse Xtext
 - Framework for development of textual domain specific languages (DSL)
 - Used successfully to generate database access layer for bitemporal tables
 - Uses ANTLR behind the scenes

Xtext Features



- Eclipse-based Editors
 - Validation and Quick Fixes
 - Syntax Coloring
 - Code Completion
 - Outline View
 - Code Formatting
 - Bracket Matching
- Integration
 - Eclipse Modeling Framework (e.g. for graphical editors)
 - Eclipse Workbench (e.g. for problems)
 - Export into self-executing JAR (e.g. to build a command-line utility)

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Default Xtext Project

DEMO

The screenshot shows the 'New Xtext Project' wizard dialog box. The title bar reads 'New Xtext Project'. The main title is 'New Xtext Project' and the subtitle is 'This wizard creates a couple of projects for Xtext DSL.' The Xtext logo is in the top right corner. The dialog is divided into several sections: 'Project name' with a text field containing 'org.xtext.example.mydsl'; 'Use default location' with a checked checkbox; 'Location' with a text field containing '/Users/phs/Business/Firmen/Trivadis/PLSQLCC/org.xtext.example.mydsl' and a 'Browse...' button; 'Language' section with 'Name' (org.xtext.example.mydsl.MyDsl) and 'Extensions' (mydsl) fields; 'Layout' section with 'Generator Configuration' set to 'Use Experimental 2.0 Features (Compare,Refactoring and new Serializer)'; and 'Working sets' section with an unchecked 'Add project to working sets' checkbox and a 'Working sets' field with a 'Select...' button. At the bottom, there is a help icon, and navigation buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'Cancel', and 'Finish'.

Simplified Grammar

DEMO

```
grammar org.xtext.example.mydsl.MyDsl with org.eclipse.xtext.common.Terminals

generate myDsl "http://www.xtext.org/example/mydsl/MyDsl"

sqlFile:
    command+=Command*
    ;

Command:
    InsertStatement
    | PlsqlUnit
    ;

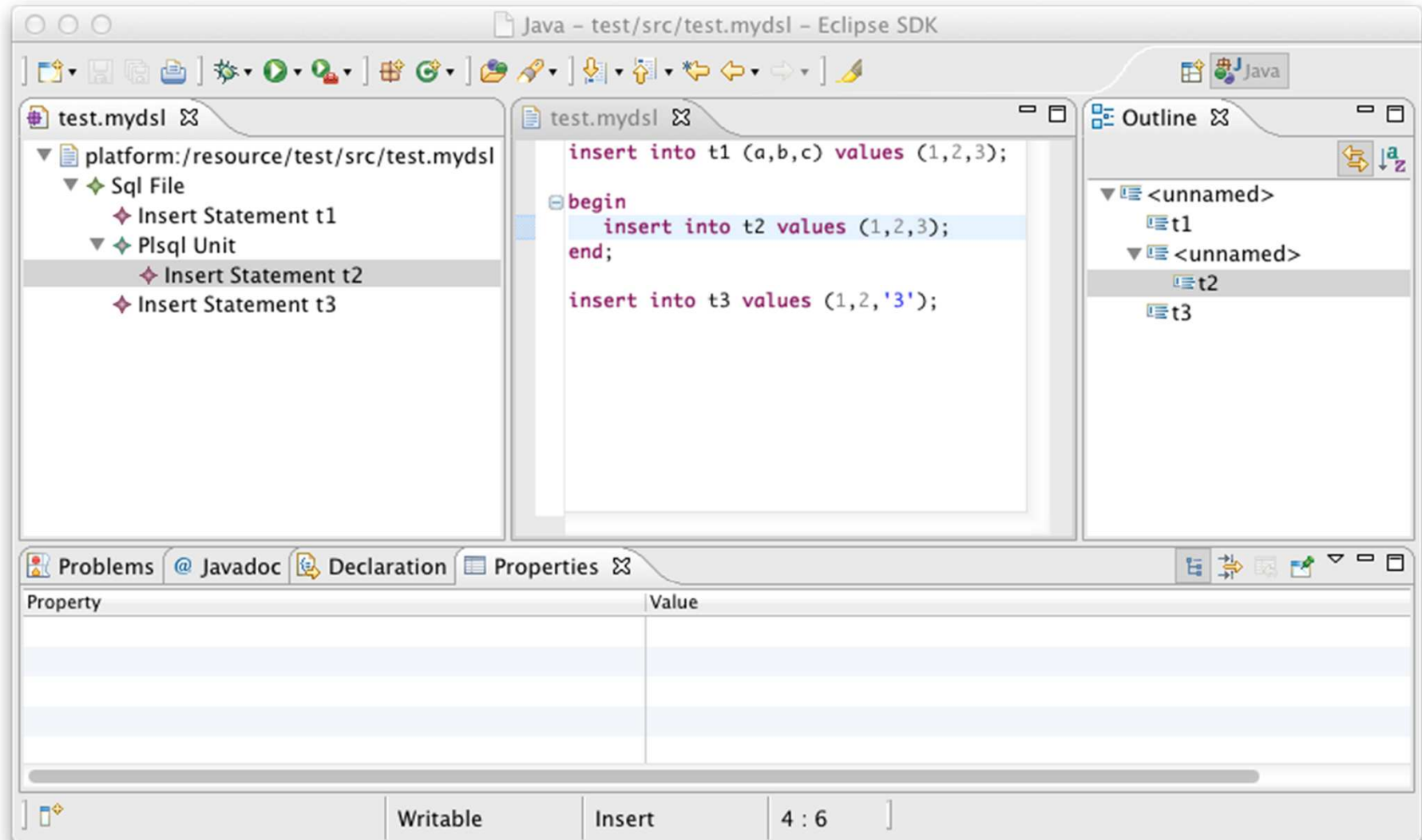
InsertStatement:
    'insert' 'into' tableName=ID '(' columns+=ID (',' columns+=ID)* ')' '?
    'values' '(' expr+= Expression (',' expr+=Expression)* ')' ';'
    ;

PlsqlUnit:
    'begin' insertStmt=InsertStatement 'end' ';'
    ;

Expression:
    ID | INT | STRING
    ;
```

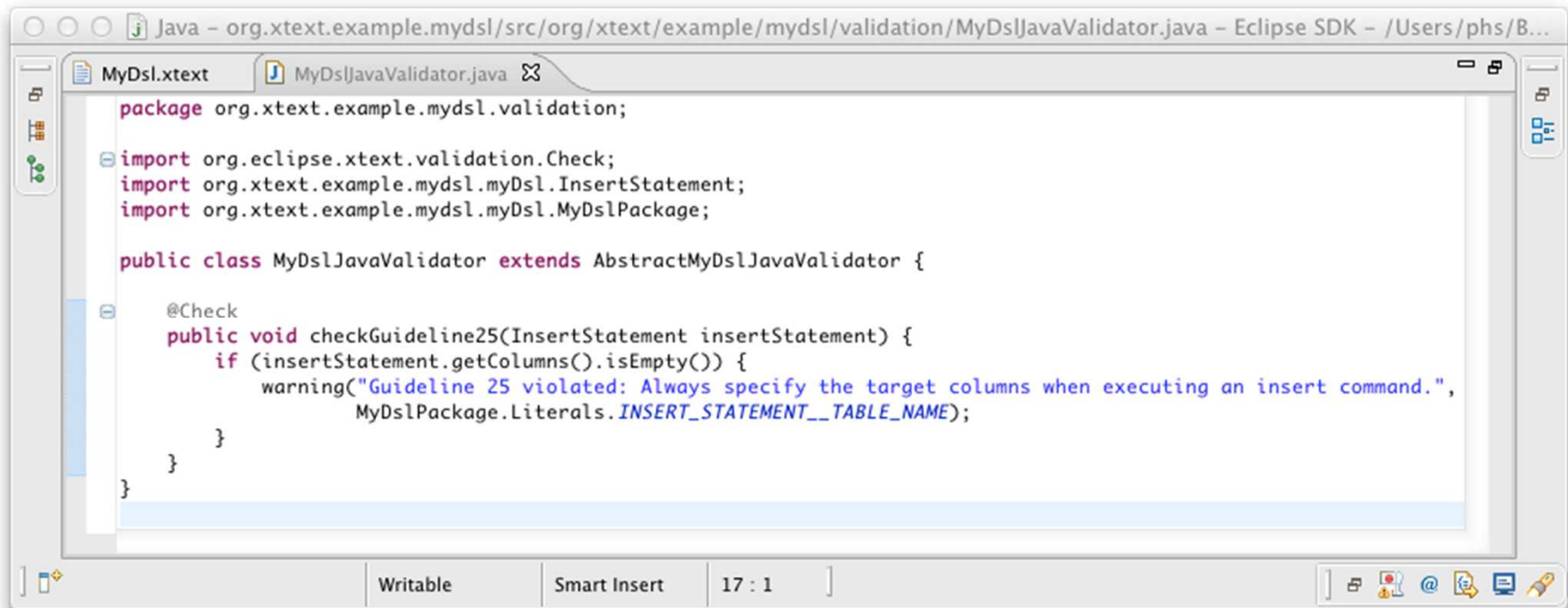
Eclipse Editors

DEMO



Validator for Guideline #25

DEMO



```
package org.xtext.example.mydsl.validation;

import org.eclipse.xtext.validation.Check;
import org.xtext.example.mydsl.myDsl.InsertStatement;
import org.xtext.example.mydsl.myDsl.MyDslPackage;

public class MyDslJavaValidator extends AbstractMyDslJavaValidator {

    @Check
    public void checkGuideline25(InsertStatement insertStatement) {
        if (insertStatement.getColumns().isEmpty()) {
            warning("Guideline 25 violated: Always specify the target columns when executing an insert command.",
                MyDslPackage.Literals.INSERT_STATEMENT__TABLE_NAME);
        }
    }
}
```


Validator in Action

DEMO

Java - test/src/test.mydsl - Eclipse SDK

test.mydsl

- platform:/resource/test/src/test.mydsl
 - Sql File
 - Insert Statement t1
 - Plsql Unit
 - Insert Statement t2
 - Insert Statement t3

```
insert into t1 (a,b,c) values (1,2,3);  
  
begin  
  insert into t2 values (1,2,3);  
end;  
  
insert into t3 values (1,2,'3');
```

Guideline 25 violated: Always specify the target columns when executing an insert command.

Problems

0 errors, 2 warnings, 0 others

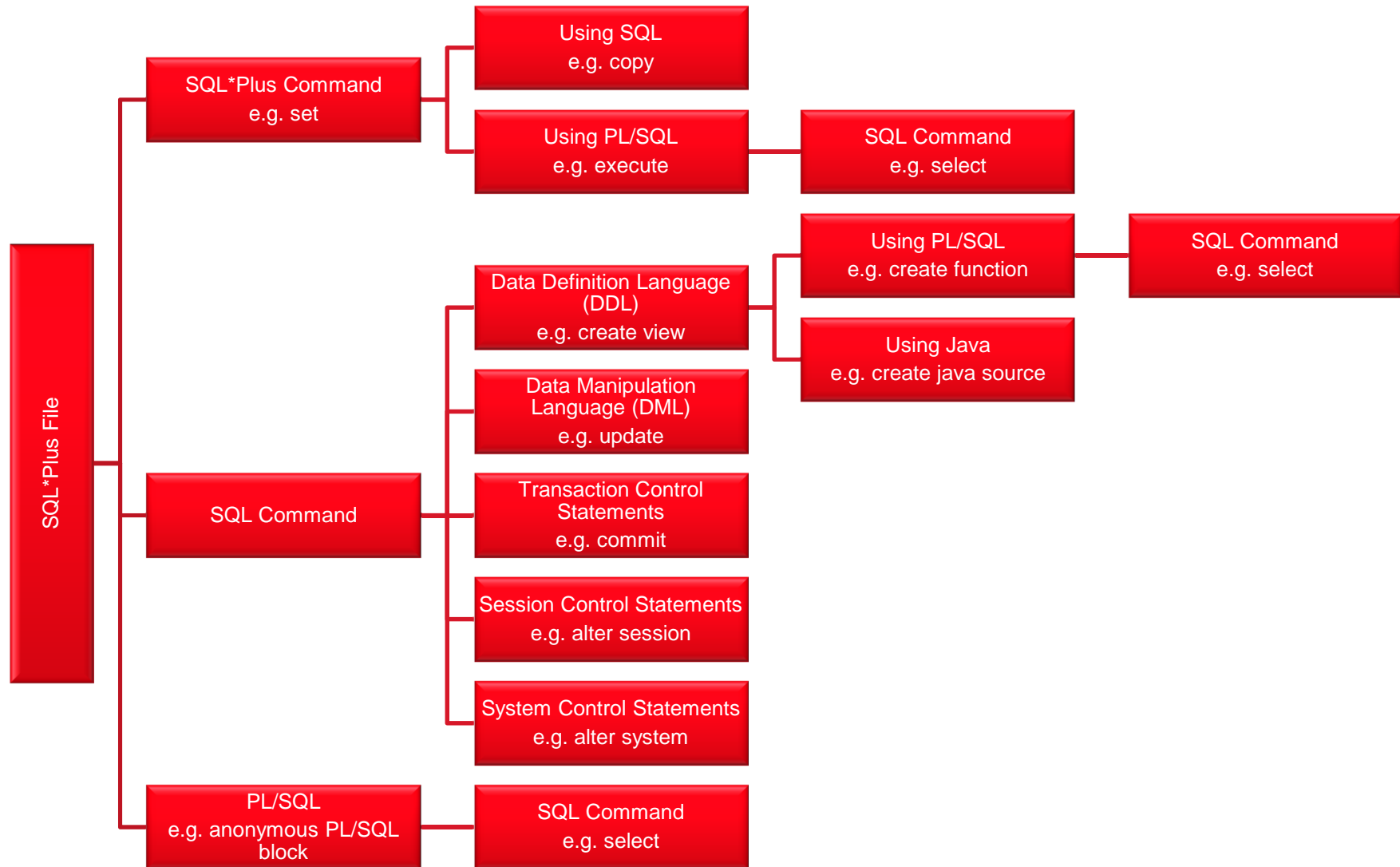
Description	Resource	Path	Location	Type
Guideline 25 violated: Always specify the target columns when...	test.mydsl	/test/src	line: 4 /test/...	Xtext Check (...)
Guideline 25 violated: Always specify the target columns when...	test.mydsl	/test/src	line: 7 /test/...	Xtext Check (...)

Guideline... command. Writable Insert 7 : 14

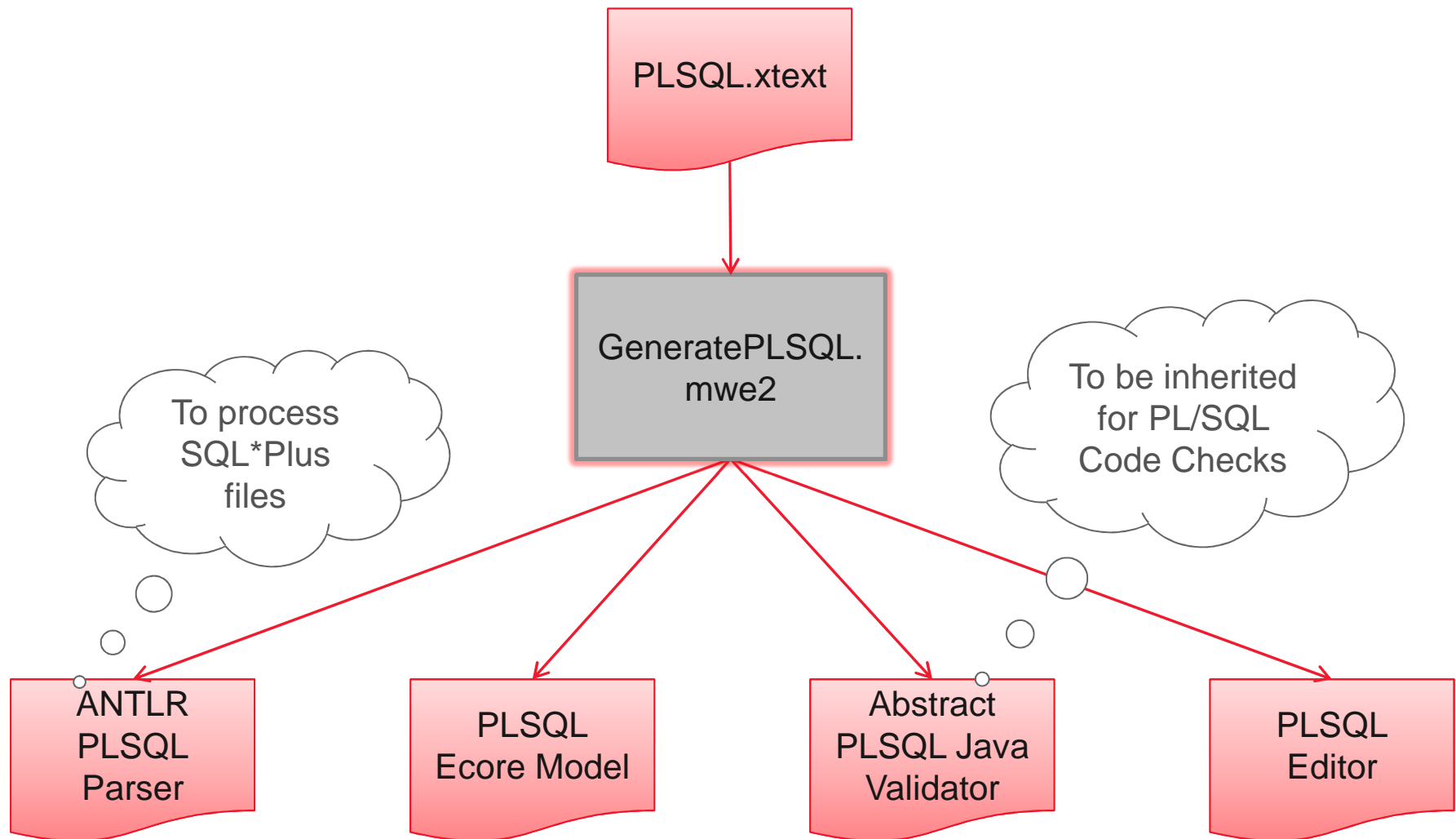
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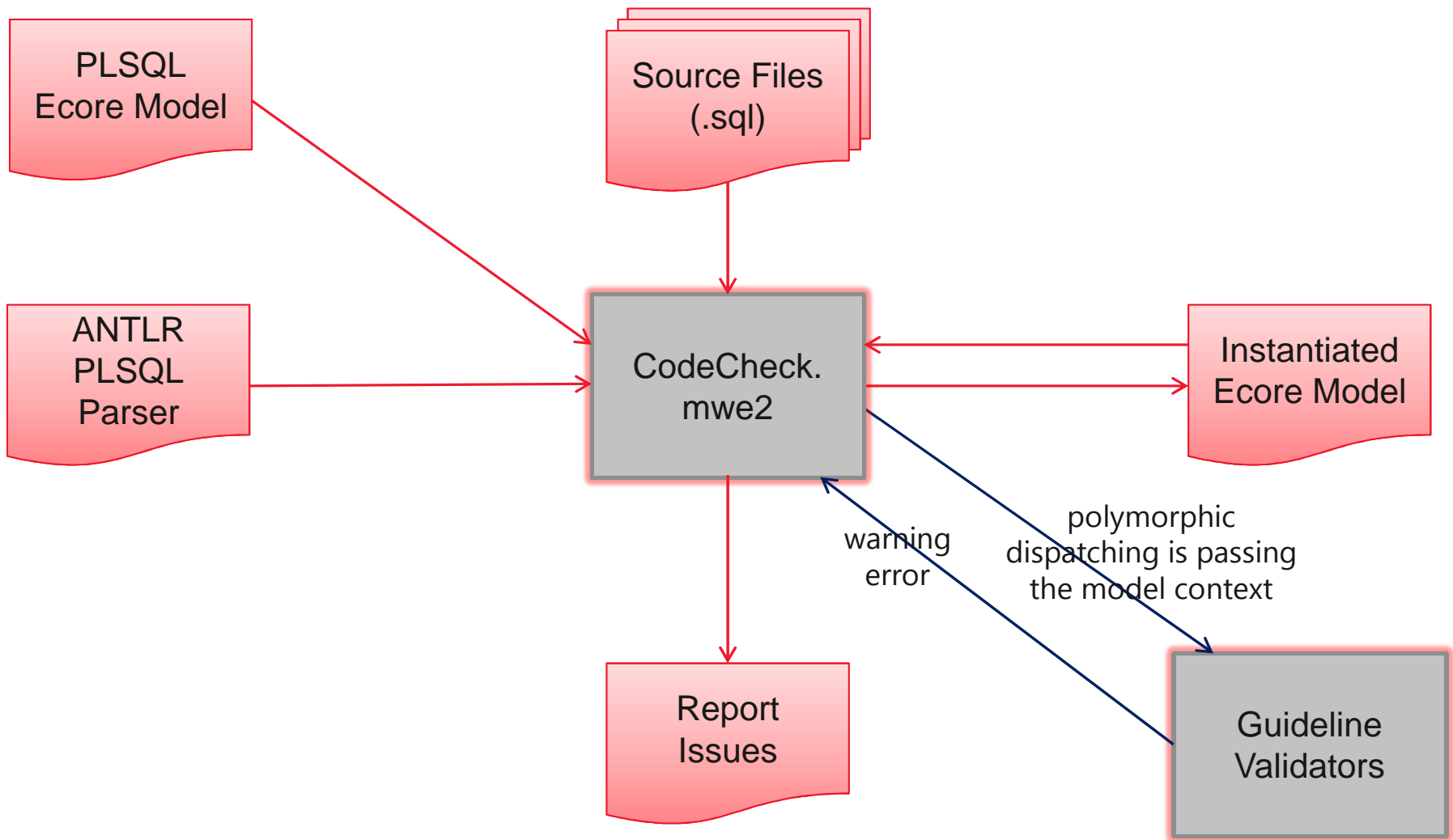
Content of a SQL*Plus File



Generate PL/SQL Grammar via Xtext



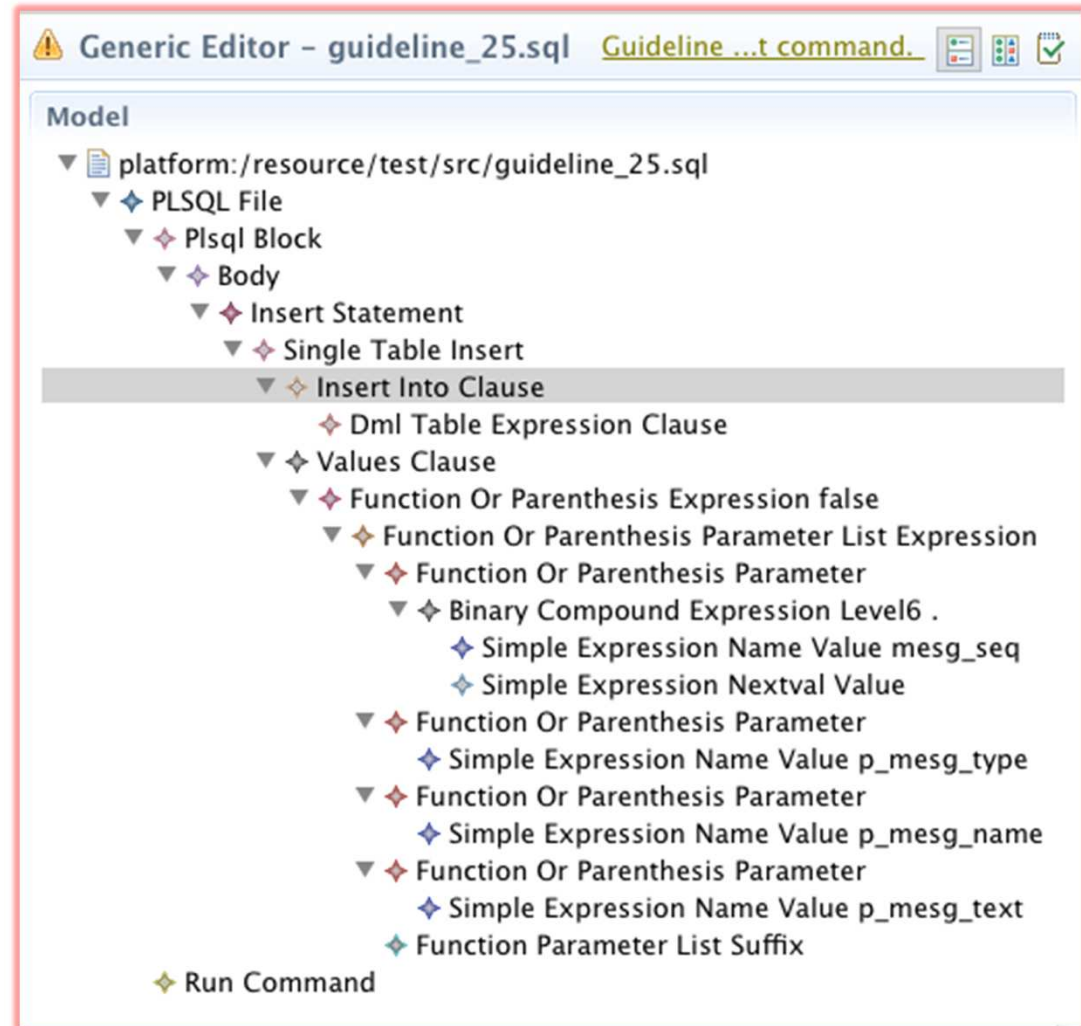
Apply Code Checks (via Command Line)



Source, Model & Warning for Guideline #25

```
BEGIN
  INSERT INTO app_messages
  VALUES
    (mesg_seq.nextval,
     p_mesg_type,
     p_mesg_name,
     p_mesg_text);
END;
/
```

line 2 - Guideline 25 violated:
Always specify the target
columns when executing an
insert command.



Excerpt of Grammar for Insert Statement

```
InsertStatement:
    InsertPlusHintsAndComments
    (
        singleTableInsert=SingleTableInsert
    | multiTableInsert=MultiTableInsert
    )
;

InsertPlusHintsAndComments returns InsertStatement hidden(WS, NL/*, SL_COMMENT, ML_COMMENT, CONTINUE_LINE*/):
    {InsertStatement}
    'insert' (hints+=HintOrComment)*
;

SingleTableInsert:
    intoClause=InsertIntoClause
    (
        (valuesClause=ValuesClause returningClause=ReturningClause?)
    | (subquery=SelectStatement)
    ) errorLoggingClause=ErrorLoggingClause?
;


InsertIntoClause:
    'into' dmlExpressionClause=DmlTableExpressionClause alias=SqlName?
    '(' columns+=QualifiedColumnAlias (',' columns+=QualifiedColumnAlias)* ')'?
;

// simplified to support forall values clause
ValuesClause:
    'values' expression=Expression
;
;
```

Validator for Guideline #25

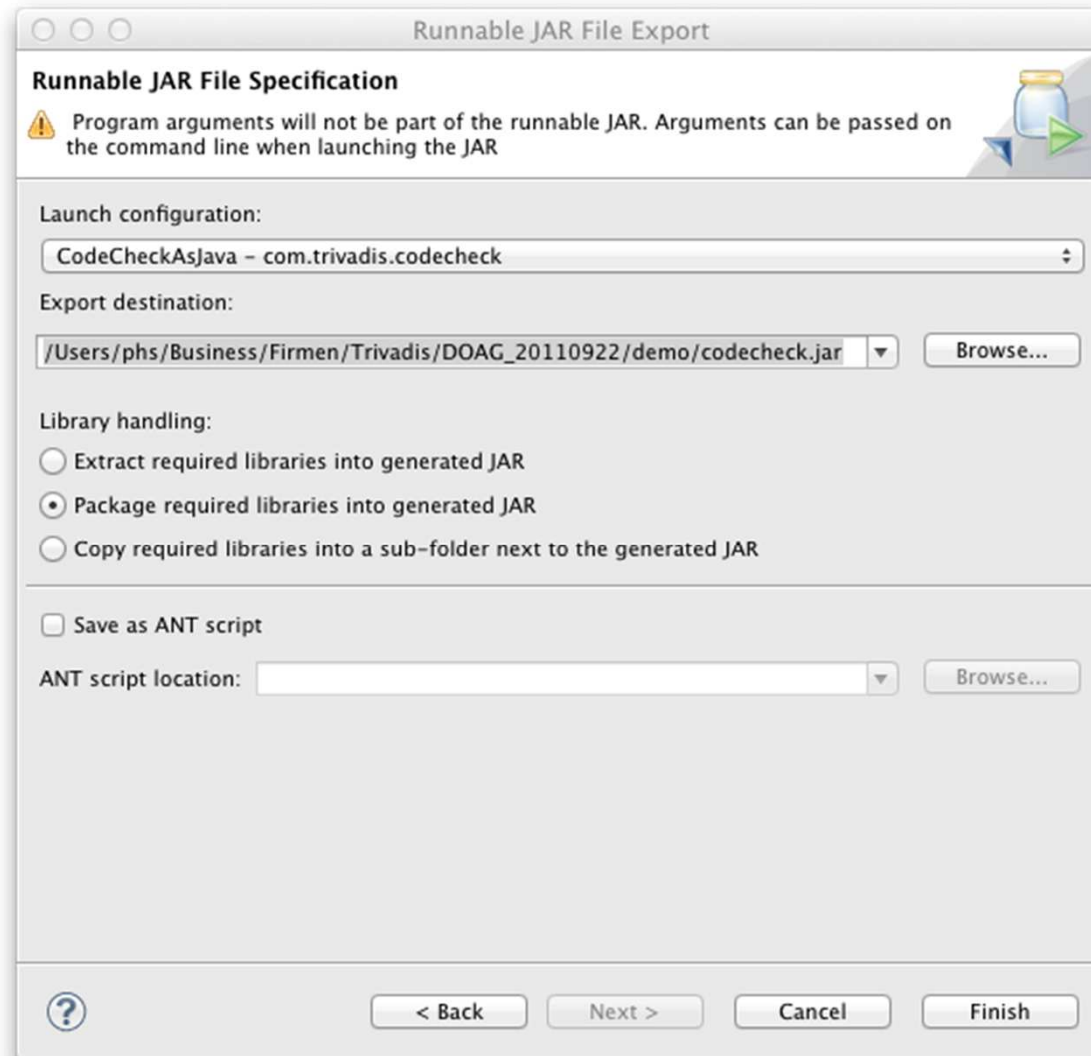
```
@Check
public void checkGuideline25(InsertIntoClause intoClause) {
    // column list empty?
    if (intoClause.getColumns().isEmpty()) {
        InsertStatement insert = EcoreUtil2.getContainerOfType(intoClause,
            InsertStatement.class);
        // model must be wrong if no insert is found
        if (insert != null) {
            Boolean ignore = false;
            SingleTableInsert singleTableInsert = insert
                .getSingleTableInsert();
            // check for record variable in single table inserts
            if (singleTableInsert != null) {
                ValuesClause valuesClause = singleTableInsert
                    .getValuesClause();
                // ensure it's a values clause
                if (valuesClause != null) {
                    Expression expr = valuesClause.getExpression();
                    // not a column list in parenthesis?
                    if (!(expr instanceof FunctionOrParenthesisExpression)) {
                        // must be a record variable
                        ignore = true;
                    }
                }
            }
            if (!ignore) {
                warning("Guideline 25 violated: Always specify the target columns when executing an insert command.",
                    intoClause.getDmlExpressionClause(), null,
                    GUIDELINE_25, serialize(NodeModelUtils.getNode(insert)
                        .getParent()));
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE p_test(i_deptno NUMBER,
                                   i_dname  VARCHAR2,
                                   i_loc    VARCHAR2) IS
    l_record dept%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
    l_record.deptno := i_deptno;
    l_record.dname  := i_dname;
    l_record.loc    := i_loc;
    INSERT INTO dept VALUES l_record;
END;
/
```



Build Runnable JAR

DEMO



Command Line Interface

DEMO

```
$ java -jar codecheck.jar path=sql
Parsing and validating code...

Issues for file 'guideline_25.sql':
  line    2 - Guideline 25 violated: Always specify the target columns when executing an insert command.
1 issue found.
Issues for file 'guideline_47.sql':
  line    5 - Guideline 47 violated: Never handle unnamed exceptions using the error number.
1 issue found.
Issues for file 'guideline_54.sql':
  line    4 - Guideline 54 violated: Always use a string variable to execute dynamic SQL.
1 issue found.

... 3 issues found in 3 files (within 1.847 seconds).
```

Console
Strategy

[guideline_25.sql](#) - 1 issue:

line 2 - Guideline 25 violated: Always specify the target columns when executing an insert command.

```
INSERT INTO app_messages
VALUES
(mesg_seq.nextval,
p_mesg_type,
p_mesg_name,
p_mesg_text)
```

[guideline_47.sql](#) - 1 issue:

line 5 - Guideline 47 violated: Never handle unnamed exceptions using the error number.

```
when others then
if sqlcode = -1 then
null;
end if;
```

[guideline_54.sql](#) - 1 issue:

line 4 - Guideline 54 violated: Always use a string variable to execute dynamic SQL.

```
execute immediate 'select mesg_seq.nextval from dual' into l_next_val
```

HTML
Strategy

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Initial Thoughts

- The initial setup for a continuous integration environment supporting your database code is probably the most challenging part
- PL/SQL CodeChecker is designed to support composite output strategies
- Multiple options to the PL/SQL CodeChecker into a continuous integration environment
 - Hudson / Maven
 - Sonar

Hudson / Maven Integration

- PL/SQL CodeChecker is a Command Line Tool
- Use exec-maven-plugin

```
<plugin>
<groupId>org.codehaus.mojo</groupId>
<artifactId>exec-maven-plugin</artifactId>
<version>1.1</version>
<executions>
<execution>
<id>code_checker</id>
<phase>validate</phase>
<goals>
<goal>exec</goal>
</goals>
<configuration>
<executable>codechecker.sh</executable>
<workingDirectory>${basedir}/src/main/db/</workingDirectory>
<arguments>
<argument>${basedir}/src/main/db/</argument>
<argument>${basedir}/target/logs</argument>
</arguments>
</configuration>
</execution>
</executions>
</plugin>
```

Hudson

Hudson » CI4DB

- [Back to Dashboard](#)
- [Status](#)
- [Changes](#)
- [Workspace](#)
- [Build Now](#)
- [Delete Project](#)
- [Configure](#)
- [Modules](#)

Build History [\(trend\)](#)

#112	Sep 6, 2011 11:40:39 PM
#111	Sep 6, 2011 11:39:29 PM
#110	Sep 6, 2011 11:09:09 PM
#108	Sep 3, 2011 10:03:32 PM
#107	Sep 3, 2011 10:01:41 PM
#105	Sep 3, 2011 7:02:12 PM
#102	Sep 3, 2011 6:56:13 PM
#101	Sep 3, 2011 6:54:01 PM
#100	Sep 3, 2011 6:50:44 PM
#99	Sep 3, 2011 6:44:51 PM
#98	Sep 3, 2011 6:31:39 PM
#97	Sep 3, 2011 6:24:19 PM

Project CI4DB

- [Workspace](#)
- [Artifact\(s\) of the Last Successful Build](#)
 - [console.log](#)
 - [report.html](#)
- [Recent Changes](#)
- [Latest Test Results\(no failures\)](#)

Permalinks

- [Last build \(#112\), 3 min 3 sec ago](#)
- [Last stable build \(#112\), 3 min 3 sec ago](#)
- [Last successful build \(#112\), 3 min 3 sec ago](#)
- [Last failed build \(#111\), 4 min 13 sec ago](#)

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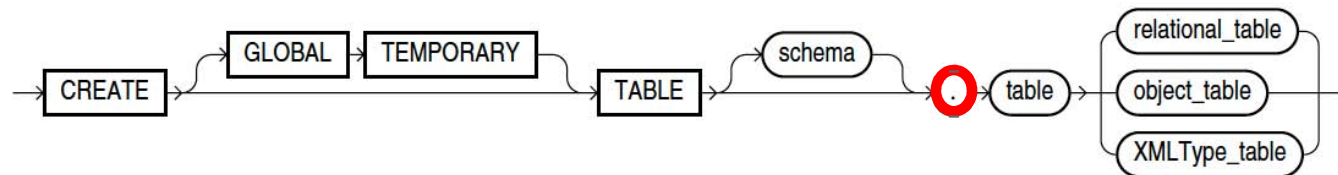
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Xtext

- One grammar, one Parser
 - The workflow GeneratePLSQL.mwe2 needs 4 minutes to complete
 - Bug 256403 - Multiple Grammar Mixin / Grammars as Library
- Maximum size of 64 KB for Java classes and methods
 - Use Xtext 2.0.1 and later to address "... is exceeding 65535 bytes ..." errors
- Output of underlying parser generator is passed 1:1 to the user
 - Fundamental knowledge of ANTLR is mandatory
 - Ability to distinguish between ANTLR and Xtext artifacts is necessary
- Convention over configuration
 - The first DSL incl. editors are created very fast using Xtext
 - Typically it's working but you easily do not know why and how
 - Usually things may be amended very elegantly and with just a few lines of code (e.g. outline, validators, formatter)
 - However, to find out what to do could take a serious time for an inexperienced fellow

Grammar

- Unquoted Identifiers may conflict with keywords of other grammars
 - "describe" is a keyword, but not a reserved word in SQL (valid for table etc.)
 - Abbreviatory notation of SQL*Plus, e.g. run command (r | ru | run)
- Undocumented, old or incorrect grammar may break the parser
 - "timestamp" clause for packages, procedures and functions
 - Use of "id" or "oid" instead of "identifier" for object views
- Documentation bugs may lead to wrong grammar



- User defined operators lead to ambiguous grammar
 - Probably solvable by refactoring the Expression and Condition parser rules
 - The workaround is, to simply add the customer's operators when needed
- Reduced grammar in the area of less interesting statements
 - AlterTable: 'alter' 'table' text=GenericText SqlCmdEnd ;

Some minor SQL*Plus Limitations

- The block terminator character '.' is not supported (nor configurable)
- The command separator character ';' is not supported (nor configurable)
- The SQLTerminator is not configurable, the default ';' is supported
- The line continuation character '-' does not support trailing whitespaces
- REMARK and PROMPT must not contain unterminated single/double quotes, single line or multi line comments (these commands cannot be defined as terminals because of conflicts with other parser rules – mainly identifiers)

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Conclusion

PL/SQL & SQL Tooling

- The grammar to parse SQL*Plus files is huge
 - a solution to reduce/separate the grammars is necessary to make the development process feasible
 - since Xtext 2.0.1 the size restrictions ceased to apply
- Xtext is a complete DSL framework
 - More than just a parser generator
 - Separation of parser and validators
 - Promising for further applications like code fixing, presenting graphical models, calculating complexity, etc.
- Even if a significant subset of the SQL*Plus, SQL, PL/SQL grammar needs to be maintained continuously, Xtext is a good choice to implement the future PL/SQL CodeChecker and Dependency Analysis requirements
- The PL/SQL CodeChecker will be part of the Trivadis Continuous Integration environment

THANK YOU.

Trivadis AG

Philipp Salvisberg

Europastrasse 5
8152 Glattbrugg (Zürich)

Tel. +41-44-808 70 20
Fax +41-44-808 70 21

philipp.salvisberg@trivadis.com
www.trivadis.com

BASEL BERN LAUSANNE ZÜRICH DÜSSELDORF FRANKFURT A.M. FREIBURG I.BR. HAMBURG MÜNCHEN STUTTGART WIEN