SIMPLIFY DATABASE CODE WITH utplsql

Philipp Salvisberg 4th May 2022



2 WELCOME









PHILIPP SALVISBERG SENIOR PRINCIPAL CONSULTANT

- Database centric development
- Model Driven Software Development
- Author of free SQL Developer Extensions
 PL/SQL Unwrapper, db* CODECOP, utPLSQL,
 plscope-utils, oddgen and Bitemp Remodeler











Wordle 209 5/6



Wordle 210 3/6



Wordle 211 4/6



Wordle 212 3/6



WORDLE



4 INVENTOR



Josh Wardle
open

https://www.powerlanguage.co.uk/wordle/



An update on Wordle

An update on Wordle

Since launching Wordle, I've been in awe of the response from everyone that has played. The game has gotten bigger than I ever imagined (which I suppose isn't that much of a feat given I made the game for an audience of 1).

It has been incredible to watch a game bring so much joy to so many, and I feel so grateful for the personal stories some of you have shared with me-from Wordle uniting distant family members, to provoking friendly rivalries, to supporting medical recoveries.

On the flip side, I'd be lying if I said this hasn't been a little overwhelming. After all, I am just one person, and it is important to me that, as Wordle grows, it continues to provide a great experience to everyone.

Given this, I am incredibly pleased to announce that I've reached an agreement with The New York Times for them to take over running Wordle going forward. If you've followed along with the story of Wordle, you'll know that NYT games play a big part in its origins and so this step feels very natural to me.

I've long admired the NYT's approach to their games and the respect with which they treat their players. Their values are aligned with mine on these matters and I'm thrilled that they will be stewards of the game moving forward.

When the game moves to the NYT site, it will be free to play for everyone, and I am working with them to make sure your wins and streaks will be preserved.

Thank you all for playing and making Wordle an unforgettable experience.

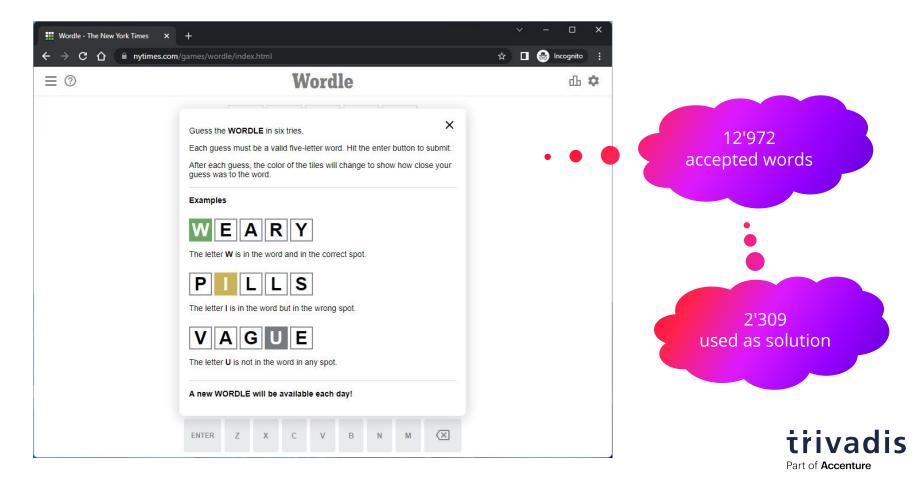


Josh

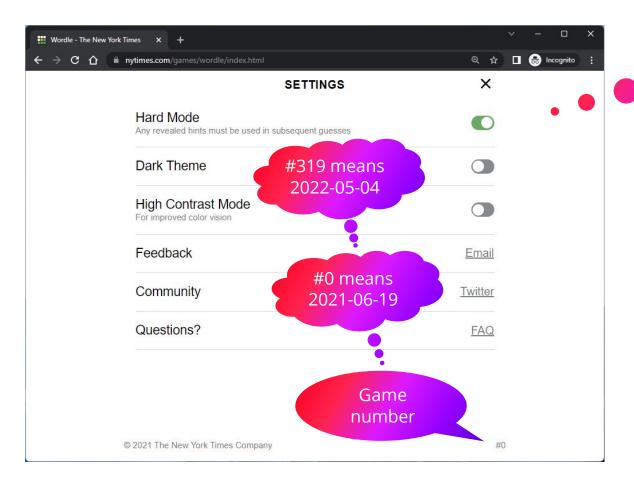
10:32 PM · Jan 31, 2022 · Twitter Web App



5 RULES

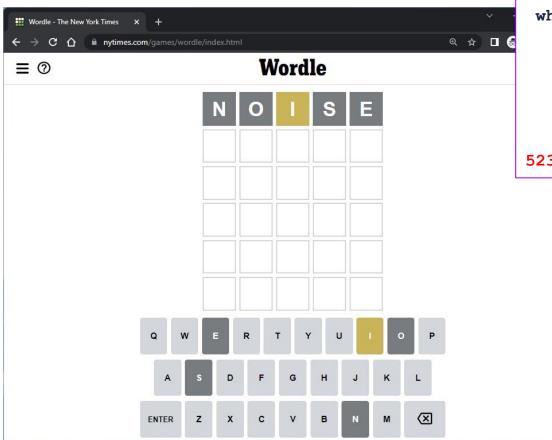


6 SETTINGS





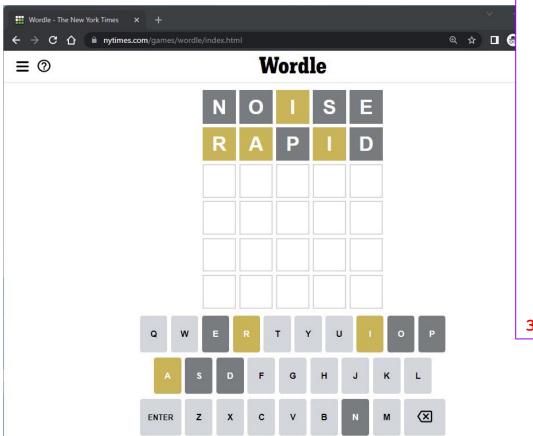
7 FIRST GUESS



select word
from words
where word not like '__i_'
and instr(word, 'i', 1, 1) > 0
and word not like '%n%'
and word not like '%o%'
and word not like '%s%'
and word not like '%s%';
523 rows selected.



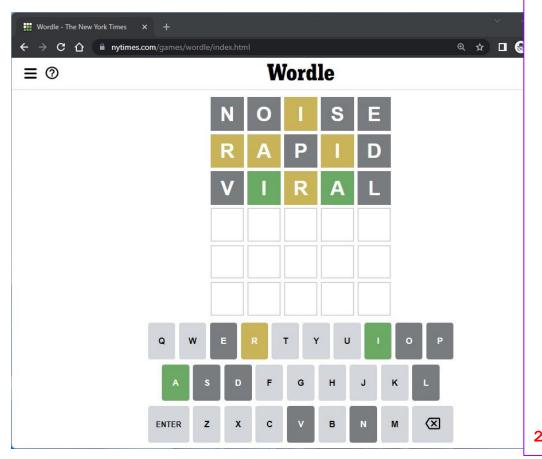
8 SECOND GUESS



```
select word
  from words
where word not like ' i '
   and instr(word, 'i', 1, 1) > 0
   and word not like '%n%'
   and word not like '%0%'
   and word not like '%s%'
   and word not like '%e%'
   -- second guess
   and word not like 'r
   and word not like ' a
   and word not like ' i '
   and instr(word, 'r', 1, 1) > 0
   and instr(word, 'a', 1, 1) > 0
   and word not like '%p%'
   and word not like '%d%';
32 rows selected.
```

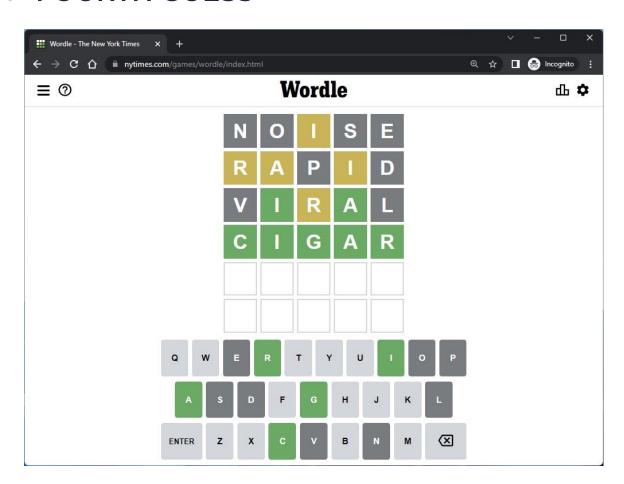


9 THIRD GUESS



select word from words where word not like ' i ' and instr(word, 'i', 1, 1) > 0and word not like '%n%' and word not like '%0%' and word not like '%s%' and word not like '%e%' -- second guess and word not like 'r and word not like ' a and word not like ' i ' and instr(word, 'r', 1, 1) > 0and instr(word, 'a', 1, 1) > 0and word not like '%p%' and word not like '%d%' -- third guess and word like ' i a ' and word not like ' r ' and word not like '%v%' and word not like '%1%'; 2 rows selected.

FOURTH GUESS





COMMON WORDLE HELPER



WORD FINDER BY Your Dictionary



Source: https://wordfinder.yourdictionary.com/



THE FREE DICTIONARY WORD FINDER





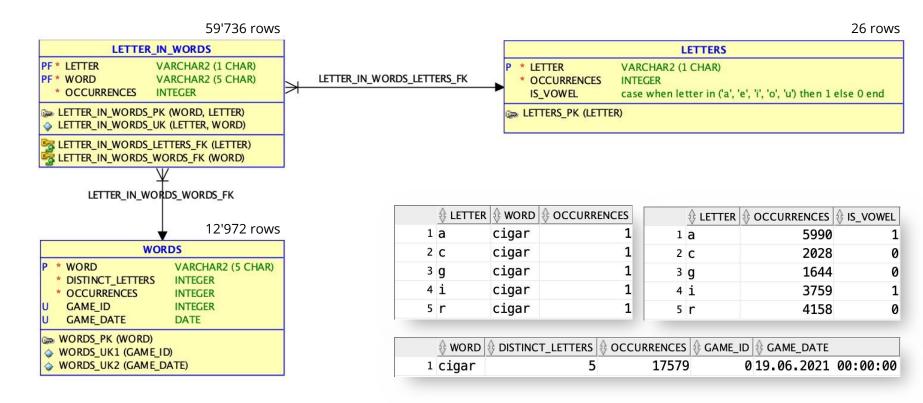
Source: https://www.thefreedictionary.com/Word-Finder.htm#Wordle



ORACLE DATABASE WORDLE HELPER



15 DATA MODEL





16 FIRST GUESS

```
SQL> set pagesize 1000
                                                                            SQL> set pagesize 1000
SQL> set linesize 250
                                                                            SQL> set linesize 250
SOL> exec wordle.set_hard_mode
                                                                            SOL> exec wordle.set_hard_mode
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
                                                                            PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
|SQL> exec wordle.set_ansiconsole
                                                                            SQL> exec wordle.set_ansiconsole(false)
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
                                                                            PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
SQL> select * from wordle.play(0, 'noise');
                                                                            SQL> select * from wordle.play(0, 'noise');
Result Sequence
                                                                            Result Sequence
                                                                            -N- -O- (I) -S- -E-
suggestions:
                                                                            suggestions:
trail
                                                                            trail
tapir
                                                                            tapir
grail
                                                                            grail
tidal
                                                                            tidal
diary
                                                                            diary
plait
                                                                            plait
flair
                                                                            flair
frail
                                                                            frail
acrid
                                                                            acrid
rapid
                                                                            rapid
14 rows selected.
                                                                            14 rows selected.
SQL>
                                                                            SQL>
```

17 SECOND GUESS

```
SQL> select * from wordle.play(0, 'noise', 'rapid');
Result Sequence
suggestions:
viral
cigar
vicar
tiara
circa
liart
urali
hilar
airth
libra
15 rows selected.
SQL>
```

```
ISQL> select * from wordle.play(0, 'noise', 'rapid');
Result Sequence
-N- -O- (I) -S- -E-
(R) (A) -P- (I) -D-
suggestions:
viral
cigar
vicar
tiara
circa
liart
urali
hilar
airth
libra
15 rows selected.
SQL>
```



18 THIRD GUESS

```
SQL> select * from wordle.play(0, 'noise', 'rapid', 'viral');

Result Sequence

N O I S E
R A P I D
V I R A L

suggestions:

cigar
cimar

8 rows selected.

SQL>
```



19 FOURTH GUESS

```
SQL> select * from wordle.play(0, 'noise', 'rapid', 'viral', 'cigar');

Result Sequence

N O I S E
R A P I D
V I R A L
C I G A R

Bravo! You completed Wordle 0 4/6

6 rows selected.

SQL>
```

utPLSQL



Part of **Accenture**



Core Testing Framework

- Schema in the database
- No repository
- Annotation based tests



DATABASE

Development

- Realtime Reporter
- Code Coverage, Code Templates, etc.









Test Automation

- Command Line Client
- Maven Plugin
- Various Reporters

























22 TEST DECLARATION

```
create or replace package test suite as
    --%suite
                                                                          --%suite(<description>)
    --%test
                                                                          --%suitepath(<path>)
    procedure test case;
                                                                          --%tags(<tag>[,...]
end test suite;
                                                                          --%displayame(<description>)
                                                                          --%beforeall([...])
                                     --%displayname(<description>)
                                                                         --%afterall([...])
                                     --%test(<description>)
                                                                          --%beforeeach([...])
                                     --%tags(<tag>[,...]
                                                                          --%aftereach([...])
                                     --%throws(<exception>[,...])
                                                                          --%rollback(manual)
                                     --%beforeall
                                                                          --%disabled(<reason>)
                                     --%afterall
                                                                          --%context
                                     --%beforeeach
                                                                          --%endcontext
                                     --%aftereach
                                     --%beforetest([...])
                                     --%aftertest([...])
                                     --%rollback(manual)
                                     --%disabled(<reason>)
```

Part of Accenture

23 TEST IMPLEMENTATION

```
create or replace package body test suite as
  procedure test case is
      c actual sys refcursor;
      c expected sys refcursor;
  begin
      -- arrange
      wordle.set ansiconsole(false);
      -- act (solution is cigar)
      open c actual for select column value from wordle.play(0, 'noise', 'rapid', 'viral') where rownum <= 3;
      -- assert
      open c expected for
         select '-N- -O- (I) -S- -E-' as column value from dual union all
         select '(R) (A) -P- (I) -D-' from dual;
      ut.expect(c actual).to equal(c expected).unordered;
   end test case;
end test suite;
```

Matcher:

be_between, be_empty, be_false, be_greater_than, be_greater_or_equal, be_less_or_equal, be_less_than, be_like, be_not_null, be_null, be_true, contain, equal, have count, match

Extended options for refcursor, object type, JSON, nested table and varray:

- include(<items>)
- exclude(<items>)
- unordered
- join_by(<items>)

24 TEST RUN

```
set serveroutput on size unlimited
exec ut.run('test suite')
```

```
List of ...
schema
[schema.]package[.procedure]
[schema]:suitepath[.context][.procedure]
```

Optionally extended by ... , a_tags => 'includeTag, -excludeTag[, ...]'

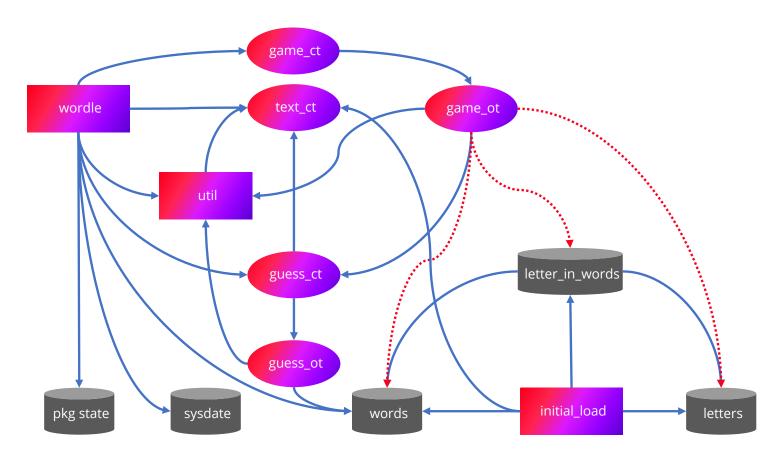
```
test suite
 test case [.024 sec] (FAILED - 1)
Failures:
  1) test case
     Actual: refcursor [ count = 3 ] was expected to equal: refcursor [ count = 2 ]
     Diff:
     Rows: [ 1 differences ]
     Extra:
               <COLUMN VALUE>-V- .I. (R) .A. -L-</COLUMN VALUE>
      at "WH.TEST SUITE.TEST CASE", line 14 ut.expect(c actual).to equal(c expected).unordered;
Finished in .026307 seconds
1 tests, 1 failed, 0 errored, 0 disabled, 0 warning(s)
```



HOW TO SIMPLIFY CODE WITH utPLSQL



BE AWARE OF DEPENDENCIES AND THEIR STATES





27 API TEST

```
Relies on
procedure set hard mode is
                                                      existing data and
  c actual sys refcursor;
                                                       --%beforeeach
   c expected sys refcursor;
begin
   -- act
                                                                                 What do we
  wordle.set hard mode(true);
   -- assert (solution is banal)
                                                                                 want to test?
   open c actual for
      select text
        from (select rownum as row num, column value as text
                from wordle.play(201, 'abcde', 'annal', 'noise'))
       where row num < 7 or row num = 8;
   open c expected for
      select 'reduced input due to the following errors: ' as text from dual union all
      select '- abcde is not in word list.' from dual union all
      select '- noise does not contain letter A (2 times).' from dual union all
      select '- noise''s letter #3 is not a N.' from dual union all
      select '- noise''s letter #4 is not a A.' from dual union all
      select '- noise''s letter #5 is not a L.' from dual union all
      select '(A) -N- .N. .A. .L.' from dual;
   ut.expect(c actual).to equal(c expected);
end:
```



DIVIDE & CONQUER



29 REDUCE DEPENDENCIES (1)

```
procedure pattern_of_guess_annal_for_solution_banal is
    l_actual varchar2(5 char);
begin
    -- act
    l_actual := util.pattern(in_solution => 'banal', in_guess => 'annal');
-- assert
    ut.expect(l_actual).to_equal('10222');
end;
```



30 REDUCE DEPENDENCIES (2)

```
procedure abcde is an unknown word is
  o guess guess ot;
begin
  -- act
  o guess := guess ot(
                in word => 'abcde',
                in solution => 'zzzzz',
                in_previous_guess => null,
                in hard mode => 0
   -- assert
  ut.expect(o guess.errors.count).to equal(1);
  ut.expect(o guess.errors(1)).to equal('abcde is not in word list.');
end;
```



31 REDUCE DEPENDENCIES (3)

```
procedure abcde is a known word is
  o guess guess ot;
begin
  -- arrange
  insert into words (word) values ('abcde');
  -- act
  o guess := guess ot(
                in_word => 'abcde',
                in solution => 'zzzzz',
                in previous guess => null,
                in hard mode => 0
             );
   -- assert
  ut.expect(o guess.errors.count).to equal(0);
end;
```



32 REDUCE DEPENDENCIES (4)

```
procedure revealed hints must be reused_in_hard_mode is
   o first quess quess ot;
   o second guess guess ot;
begin
   -- arrange
   o_first_guess := guess_ot(in word => 'annal', in solution => 'banal',
                        in previous guess => null, in hard mode => 1);
   -- act
   o second guess := guess ot(in word => 'noise', in solution => 'banal',
                        in previous guess => o first guess, in hard mode => 1);
   -- assert
   ut.expect(anydata.convertcollection(o second quess.errors)).to equal(
      anydata.convertcollection(
         text ct(
            'noise does not contain letter A (2 times).',
            'noise''s letter #3 is not a N.',
            'noise''s letter #4 is not a A.',
            'noise''s letter #5 is not a L.'
   ).unordered;
end:
```

33 API TEST – REFACTORED

```
procedure set hard mode is
   l actual integer;
begin
   -- act
   wordle.set hard mode(true);
   -- assert (solution is banal)
   select count(*) into l actual
     from wordle.play(201, 'annal', 'noise')
    where column value like '%errors%';
   ut.expect(l actual).to be greater or equal(1);
end;
```



34 WHAT ABOUT TEST DOUBLES?



- Dummies
- Stubs
- Spies
- Mocks
- Fakes

Requires usually a dedicated test schema

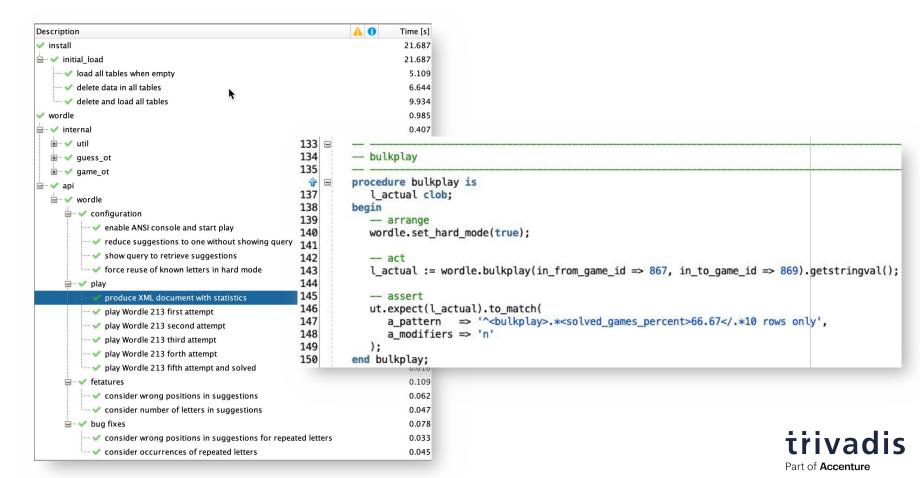


Good option for 3rd party system access



Source: Heidi Moneymaker, https://www.instagram.com/p/BlLm4tCBzyl/

35 DEMO



CORE MESSAGES



37 BY WRITING A utPLSQL TEST YOU ...

Describe how to use a piece of software

- Reduce dependencies to make testing
 - o simpler
 - o faster
 - o deterministic
- Simplify code













TOGETHER WE ARE #1 PARTNER FOR BUSINESSES TO HARNESS THE POWER OF DATA FOR A SMARTER LIFE

